



Correction: On the computation of the efficient frontier in advanced sparse portfolio optimization

Arturo Annunziata¹ · Matteo Lapucci¹ · Pierluigi Mansueto¹ · Davide Pucci¹ 

© The Author(s) 2025

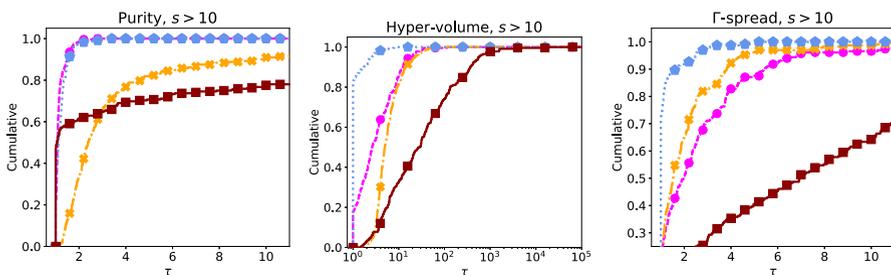
Correction to: 4OR

<https://doi.org/10.1007/s10288-025-00600-3>

In this article, Fig. 8 appeared incorrectly and has now been corrected in the original publication. For completeness and transparency, both correct and incorrect versions are displayed below.

The original article has been corrected.

Incorrect Fig. 8



The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10288-025-00600-3>.

✉ Davide Pucci
davide.pucci@unifi.it

Arturo Annunziata
arturo.annunziata@unifi.it

Matteo Lapucci
matteo.lapucci@unifi.it

Pierluigi Mansueto
pierluigi.mansueto@unifi.it

¹ Global Optimization Laboratory – Department of Information Engineering (DINFO), University of Florence, Via di Santa Marta, 3, 50139 Florence, Italy

Correct Fig. 8

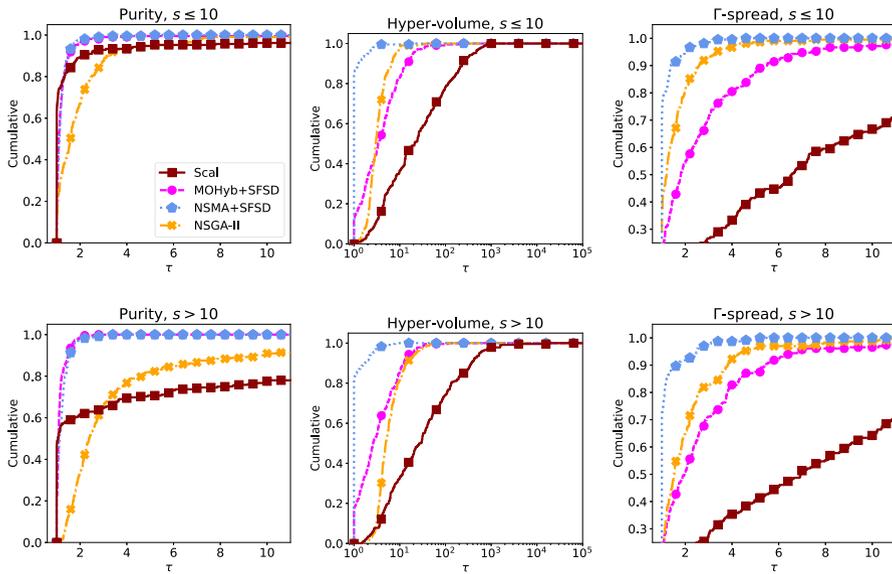


Fig. 8 Performance profiles of *purity*, *Hyper-volume* and Γ -*spread* for MOHyb and NSMA, with SFSD, and for the linear scalarization approach and vanilla NSGA-II on the full benchmark of 442 problems involving two or more objective functions. We analyze, in the first row, problems with $s \leq 10$; in the second row, problems with $s > 10$

Open Access This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>.

Publisher's Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.